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FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Jun 2003 (20030625/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 12

L3 2 L2

=> d bib abs 1-2

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2002:54472 CAPLUS

DN 136:256738

TI Cyclohexylmethylpiperidinyltriphenylpropioamide: a selective muscarinic M3 antagonist discriminating against the other receptor subtypes

AU Sagara, Yufu; Sagara, Takeshi; Mase, Toshiaki; Kimura, Toshifumi; Numazawa, Tomoshige; Fujikawa, Toru; Noguchi, Kazuhito; Ohtake, Norikazu

CS Banyu Tsukuba Research Institute in collaboration with Merck Research Laboratories, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 300-2611, Japan

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(4), 984-987

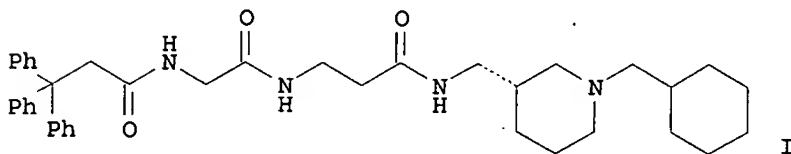
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

GI



AB To discover a highly selective M3 antagonist, a combinatorial library was prepd. The library was designed to identify a novel structural class of M3 antagonists by exploring the spatial arrangement of the pharmacophores

in known M3 antagonists. After the evaluation of 1000 library members, a potent M3 antagonist, (I) ( $K_i = 0.31$  nM), with novel structural features was identified. Compd. I showed high selectivity for M3 receptors over the other muscarinic receptor subtypes ( $M1/M3 = 380$ -fold,  $M2/M3 = 98$ -fold,  $M4/M3 = 45$ -fold,  $M5/M3 = 120$ -fold).

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:78358 CAPLUS

DN 134:147498

TI Preparation of amide derivatives as selective muscarinic M3 antagonists

IN Sagara, Yufu; Uchiyama, Minaho; Naya, Akira; Kimura, Toshifumi; Numazawa, Tomoshige; Fujikawa, Toru; Otake, Norikazu; Noguchi, Kazuhito

PA Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 187 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001007406	A1	20010201	WO 2000-JP4762	20000714
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	EP 1213281	A1	20020612	EP.2000-946352	20000714
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL			
PRAI	JP 1999-209292	A	19990723		
	JP 1999-338617	A	19991129		
	WO 2000-JP4762	W	20000714		

OS MARPAT 134:147498

AB The title compds.  $Ar1C(Ar2)(Ar3)CHR1CON(R2)CHR3(CH2)pXY(R4)CHR5(CH2)mCONH(CH2)nA$  [A is piperidine moiety (generic structure given), etc.; Ar1, Ar2 and Ar3 are each optionally substituted phenyl; p is 0 or 1; m, n are each 0, 1 or 2; R1 is hydrogen or optionally substituted lower alkyl; R2, R3, R4 and R5 are each hydrogen, optionally substituted lower alkyl, or the like; X is carbonyl or methylene; Y is nitrogen or methine] are prepd. The title compds. are useful as remedies for respiratory, urol. or digestive diseases. In in vitro tests for M3 antagonism, compds. of this invention showed the  $K_i$  values of 1.3 nM to 4.7 nM; in in vitro tests for M1 and M2 antagonism, said compds. showed the  $K_i$  values of 110 nM to > 2500 nM.

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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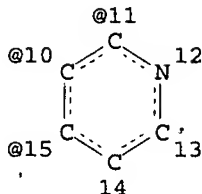
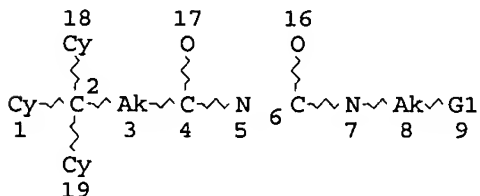
L1 STR

L2 55 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



VAR G1=10/11/15

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS MCY AT 1

GGCAT IS MCY AT 18

GGCAT IS MCY AT 19

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC 10

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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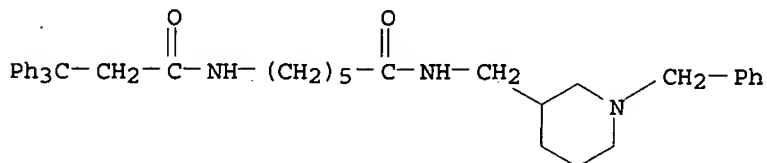
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

=> d scan l2

L2 55 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

IN Benzenepropanamide, N-[6-oxo-6-[[[1-(phenylmethyl)-3-piperidinyl]methyl]amino]hexyl]-.beta.,.beta.-diphenyl- (9CI)

MF C40 H47 N3 O2



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> fil caplus

AN 1995:849168 CAPLUS  
 DN 123:285789  
 TI Preparation of heterocyclyl carbamate derivatives with muscarine M3  
 receptor antagonism  
 IN Takeuchi, Makoto; Naito, Ryo; Morihira, Koichiro; Hayakawa, Masahiko;  
 Ikeda, Ken; Isomura, Yasuo; Tomioka, Kenichi  
 PA Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 138 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9506635	A1	19950309	WO 1994-JP1436	19940831
	W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9475458	A1	19950322	AU 1994-75458	19940831
PRAI	JP 1993-218620		19930902		
	JP 1994-77575		19940415		
	WO 1994-JP1436		19940831		

OS MARPAT 123:285789

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Heterocyclyl (thio)carbamate and (thio)urea derivs. represented by general  
 formula [I; R = (un)substituted aryl; R1 = cycloalkyl, (un)substituted  
 aryl; R2 = H, OH, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, cycloalkyl, aryl; R3 = H,  
 lower alkyl; X = O, S; Y = O, S, (un)substituted NH, CH2, OCH2; ring A =  
 heterocyclyl Q - Q1; wherein m, n = 1-4, provided that m + n = 3-5; l =  
 1-3, provided that m + l = 3-5; p, q = 0, 1; r, s, t = 0-3, provided that  
 r + s + t = 2 or 3; Z = N(O)qR4, N+R5R6.Q-; Z1 = N(O)q, N+R6.Q-; wherein  
 Q- = anion; R4 = H, lower alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl, B-R7; R5 = lower  
 alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl, B-R7; R6 = lower alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl;  
 wherein R7 = cycloalkyl, lower (hydroxy)alkoxy, benzhydryl,  
 (un)substituted aryl, optionally benzene ring-fused or (un)substituted  
 heterocyclyl contg. 1 or 2 heteroatoms; B = single bond, lower alkylene,  
 alkenylene, or alkynylene] or salts, hydrates or solvates thereof are  
 prepd. A muscarine M3 receptor antagonist for preventing or treating  
 digestive tract, respiratory or urol. diseases such as irritable bowel  
 syndrome, spasmodic colitis, diverticulitis, chronic obstructive lung  
 diseases, chronic bronchitis, asthma, rhinitis, neural pollakiurea,  
 nocturnal enuresis, nervous bladder, unstable bladder, bladder  
 contracture, chronic cystitis, urinary incontinence, and pollakiurea,  
 contains the said compd. I. Thus, 2.92 g NaBH(OAc)3 was added  
 portion-wise to a soln. of 1.60 g 4-piperidyl N-benzhydrylcarbamate  
 hydrochloride (prepn. given) and 0.40 mL 3-thiophenecarbaldehyde in 20 mL  
 ClCH2CH2Cl and the resulting mixt. was stirred at room temp. overnight to  
 give, after silica gel chromatog. and salt formation, a title compd.  
 [II.(CO2H)2]. II.(CO2H)2 in vitro showed binding affinity to muscarine M1  
 receptor of cerebral cortex, muscarine M2 receptor of heart, and muscarine  
 M3 receptor of submaxillary gland with Ki value of 1.0, 350, and 6.0 nM,  
 resp., and Ki(M2 receptor)/Ki (M3 receptor) ratio of 58.

IT 168829-14-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of heterocyclyl (thio)carbamate derivs. as muscarine M3  
 receptor antagonists)

RN 168829-14-9 CAPLUS

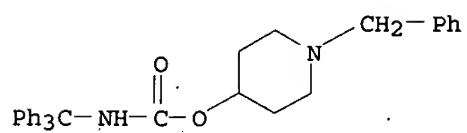
CN Carbamic acid; (triphenylmethyl)-, 1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl ester,

(2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 168829-13-8

CMF C32 H32 N2 O2

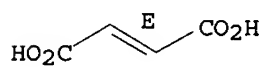


CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



=> s (serine(1)protease) (1) (indol?(1)piperidin?)  
 86694 SERINE  
 73302 PROTEASE  
 85362 INDOL?  
 77850 PIPERIDIN?  
 L1 1 (SERINE(L)PROTEASE) (L) (INDOL?(L)PIPERIDIN?)

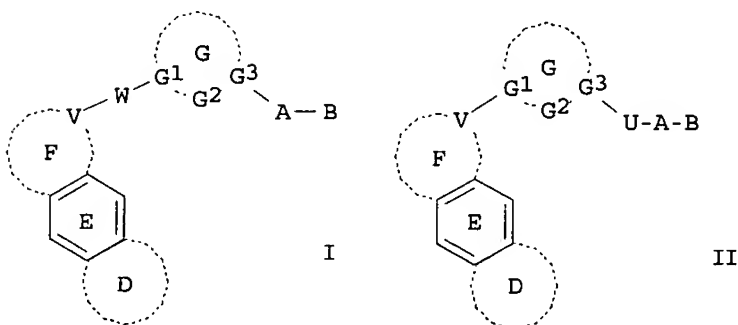
=> d bib

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 AN 2002:793361 CAPLUS  
 DN 137:310810  
 TI Preparation of indole and other fused heterocyclic inhibitors of factor Xa  
 useful for treating/preventing thromboembolic disorders  
 IN Jacobson, Irina C.; Quan, Mimi L.; Wexler, Ruth R.  
 PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002080853	A2	20021017	WO 2002-US10891	20020408
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	US 2001-282438P	P	20010409		
OS	MARPAT 137:310810				

=> d abs

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 GI



AB This invention relates generally to a novel class of fused heterocyclic  
 compds. (shown as I and II; e.g. 1-[[1-(3-fluoro-2'-methysulfonyl) [1,1'-

biphenyl]-4-yl]-2-oxo-3-piperidinyl]-1H-indole  
-6-carbonitrile) or pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, which  
are inhibitors of trypsin-like **serine protease**  
enzymes, esp. factor Xa, pharmaceutical compns. contg. the same, and  
methods of using the same as anticoagulant agents for treatment and  
prevention of thromboembolic disorders. Some compds. of this invention  
were evaluated and found to exhibit a  $K_i$  of  $1.0 \times 10^{-10}$  M, thereby  
confirming the utility of the compds. of the present invention as  
effective thrombin inhibitors. Although the methods of prepn. are not  
claimed, .apprx.15 example preps. are included. In I and II, ring D,  
including the two atoms of ring E to which it is attached, is a 5-6  
membered nonarom. ring consisting of C atoms, 0-1 double bonds, and 0-2  
heteroatoms N, O, and S(O)p, and ring D is substituted with 0-2 R1,  
provided that when ring D is unsubstituted, it consists of at least one  
heteroatom; alternatively, ring D, including the two atoms of ring E to  
which it is attached, is a 5-6 membered arom. system consisting of C atoms  
and 0-2 heteroatoms N, O, and S(O)p, and ring D is substituted with 0-2  
R1, provided that when ring D is unsubstituted, it consists of at least  
one heteroatom. E is selected from Ph, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, and  
pyridazinyl, and is substituted with 0-1 R1; alternatively, ring D is  
absent and ring E is selected from Ph, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl,  
pyridazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl,  
thiazolyl, thienyl and triazolyl, and ring E is substituted with 0-2 Ra;  
Ra is selected from H, Cl-4 alkyl, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OCH3, OCH2CH3,  
OCH(CH3)2, OCH2CH2CH3, CN, C(:NR8)NR7R9, NHC(:NR8)NR7R9, NR8CH(:NR7),  
C(O)NR7R8, (CR8R9)tNR7R8, SH, SCH3, SCH2CH3, SCHMe2, SCH2CH2CH3, S(O)R3b,  
S(O)2R3a, S(O)2NR2R2a, and OCF3; alternatively, two Ras combine to form  
methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy. Alternatively, ring D is absent and ring  
E is selected from Ph, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, and  
thienyl, and ring E is substituted with 1 R and with a 5-6 membered arom.  
heterocycle consisting of: C atoms and 1-4 heteroatoms N, O, and S(O)p  
substituted with 0-1 carbonyl groups and 0-2 R1. Ring F completes a 5-7  
membered heterocycle consisting of C atoms, 1-3 heteroatoms N, NH, O, and  
-S(O)p-, 0-2 addnl. double bonds, and 0-2 carbonyl groups, provided that  
other than a O-O, O-S, or S-S bond is present in the ring and ring F is  
substituted with 0-1 R4c. Ring G completes a 5-7 membered nonarom.  
heterocycle consisting of C atoms, 1-3 heteroatoms N, NZ, O, and S(O)p,  
0-2 double bonds, and 0-3 carbonyl groups, and ring G is substituted with  
0-2 R1a, provided that other than a O-O, O-S, or S-S bond is present in  
ring G. Z is selected from H, S(O)2NHR3, C(O)R3, C(O)NHR3, C(O)OR3f,  
S(O)R3f, S(O)2R3f, Cl-6 alkyl substituted with 0-2 R1a; C2-6 alkenyl  
substituted with 0-2 R1a; C2-6 alkynyl substituted with 0-2 R1a; -(C0-4  
alkyl)-C3-10-carbocycle substituted with 0-3 R1a; -(C0-4 alkyl)-5-12  
membered-heterocycle substituted with 0-3 R1a. G1 is selected from C, CH,  
and N; G2 is selected from CH, CH2, C(O), O, S(O)p, N, and NH; G3 is  
selected from C, CH, and N; A is selected from C3-10 carbocycle  
substituted with 0-2 R4, and 5-12 membered heterocycle consisting of C  
atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms N, O, and S and substituted with 0-2 R4; B  
is selected from: Y, X-Y, (CH2)0-2C(O)NR2R2a, (CH2)0-2NR2R2a,  
C(:NR2)NR2R2a, and NR2C(:NR2)NR2R2a, provided that G3 and B are attached  
to different atoms on A. X is selected from -(CR2R2a)1-4-,  
-CR2(CR2R2b)(CH2)t-, -C(O)-, -C(:NR1c)-, -CR2(NR2R2a)-, -CR2(OR2)-,  
-CR2(SR2)-, -C(O)CR2R2a-, -CR2R2aC(O)-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)2-, -SCR2R2a-,  
-S(O)CR2R2a-, -S(O)2CR2R2a-, -CR2R2aS-, -CR2R2aS(O)-, -CR2R2aS(O)2-,  
-S(O)2NR2-, -NR2S(O)2CR2R2a-, -CR2R2aS(O)2NR2-, -NR2S(O)2NR2-,  
-C(O)NR2-, -NR2C(O)-, -C(O)NR2CR2R2a-, -NR2C(O)CR2R2a-, -CR2R2aC(O)NR2-,  
-CR2R2aNR2C(O)-, -NR2C(O)O-, -OC(O)NR2-, -NR2C(O)NR2-, -NR2-, -NR2CR2R2a-,  
-CR2R2aNR2-, O, -CR2R2aO-, and -OCR2R2a-. Y is selected from  
-(CH2)rNR2R2a; C3-10 carbocycle substituted with 0-2 R4a; and 5-10  
membered heterocycle consisting of C atoms and from 1-4 heteroatoms N, O,  
and S and substituted with 0-2 R4a; provided that X-Y do not form a N-N,  
O-N, or S-N bond; V is selected from C, CH, and N; U is a bond or is  
selected from CHR3b, C(O), O, S(O)p, NR3b, C(O)NR3, NR3C(O), C(O)CH2,

CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), S(O)pNR<sub>3</sub>, NR<sub>3</sub>S(O)p, OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sub>3</sub>bCH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>3</sub>b; provided that when ring D is absent, U is other than a bond; W is a bond or is selected from CHR<sub>3</sub>b, C(O), O, S(O)p, NR<sub>3</sub>b, C(O)NR<sub>3</sub>, NR<sub>3</sub>C(O), C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C(O), S(O)pNR<sub>3</sub>, NR<sub>3</sub>S(O)p, OCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O, NR<sub>3</sub>bCH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>3</sub>b; provided that when ring D is absent, W is a bond. Variables in I and II not defined above are defined in the claims.